Publishing data and Trustworthy Data Repositories

Mustapha Mokrane

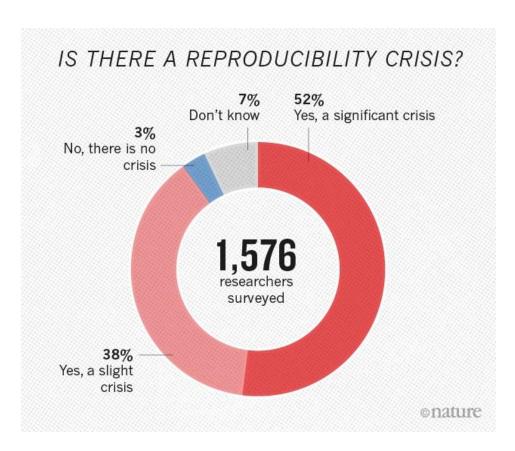
WDS Executive Director

Belmont Forum e-Infra & DM workshop: Open Data Principles in Publishing

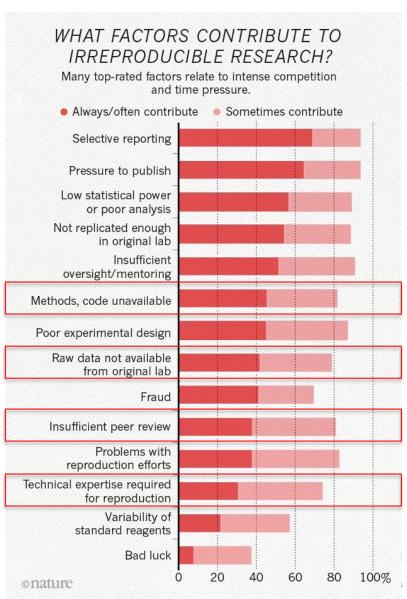
London, 23 June 2017



Open Science?



Nature 533, 452–454 (26 May 2016) doi:10.1038/533452a



Role of (Domain) Data Repositories

- Data publishers: data underlying experiments, scientific papers, projects, etc.
- Data practitioners: involved in early stages of research planning (DMP)
- Data managers: workflows, metrics, linked objects (PIDs), etc.
- Long-term preservation: reproducibility!



Data Repositories Stakeholders

- Researchers/projects/private sector: users of repositories
- Scientific journal publishers: recommend/use repositories (e.g. ESSD, Nature Scientific Data)
- Funders: support repositories
- Policymakers: provide a mandate



Trustworthy Data Repositories





Core certification requirements

16 requirements

- Context
- Organizational infrastructure (6)
- Digital object management (8)
- Technology (2)
- Applicant feedback

F.A.I.R and beyond



Importance of Certification

National and international funders are increasingly likely to mandate open data and data management policies that call for the long-term storage and accessibility of data.

If we want to be able to share data, we need to store them in a trustworthy digital repository. Data created and used by scientists should be managed, curated, and archived in such a way to preserve the initial investment in collecting them. Researchers must be certain that data held in archives remain useful and meaningful into the future. Funding authorities increasingly require continued access to data produced by the projects they fund, and have made this an important element in Data Management Plans. Indeed, some funders now stipulate that the data they fund must be deposited in a trustworthy repository.

Sustainability of repositories raises a number of challenging issues in different areas: organizational, technical, financial, legal, etc. Certification can be an important contribution to ensuring the reliability and durability of digital repositories and hence the potential for sharing data over a long period of time. By becoming certified, repositories can demonstrate to both their users and their funders that an independent authority has evaluated them and endorsed their trustworthiness.

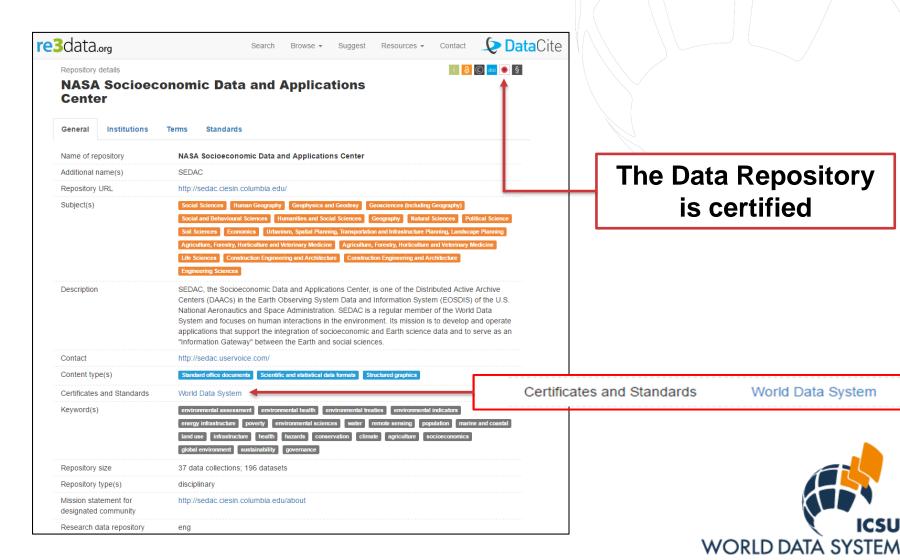
Basic Certification and its Benefits

Nowadays certification standards are available at different levels, from a basic level to extended and formal levels. Even at the basic level, certification offers many benefits to a repository and its stakeholders.

DOI.org/10.17026/dans-22n-gk35







What's next?

- Belmont Forum recognizes the important role of Trustworthy Data Repositories in its Data Policy
- Other funders (NIH, NSF, EC) are also showing interest in data repositories certification
- Several scientific journal publishers already recommend trustworthy/reliable data repositories
- Data policies of scientific journal publishers should make clear statements about the use of certified trustworthy data repositories





Thank you for listening!

Email: ipo@icsu-wds.org

Twitter: @ICSU_WDS

